Certificate I: Understanding AI and Machine Learning in Africa

Course AIMLO2: Al and Machine Learning in Africa

Module 3: Al Business Strategy

Lecture 1: Artificial Intelligence for the Real World

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Learning Objectives

- 1. Identify three important business needs that AI can support
- 2. Summarize a four-point strategy for adopting Al
- 3. Explain why companies perform better by taking an incremental approach, rather than a transformative approach, to adopting AI in their businesses
- 4. Explain why it is often a better business strategy to focus on augmenting human capabilities with AI, rather than replacing them

Lecture Contents

- 1. Artificial intelligence and cognitive technologies
- 2. Three types of Al
 - a) Process automation
 - b) Cognitive insight
 - c) Cognitive engagement
- 3. Four-step framework for integrating AI technologies
- 4. Lecture summary
- 5. Recommended reading & references



The Tabulating Era (1900s-1940s)

The Programming Era (1950s-present) (Kelly, 2015) The Cognitive Era (2011-)

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Cooperative "living together in intimate association, or even close union, of two dissimilar organisms"

"Man-computer symbiosis is an expected development in cooperative interaction between men and electronic computers."

(Licklider, 1960)

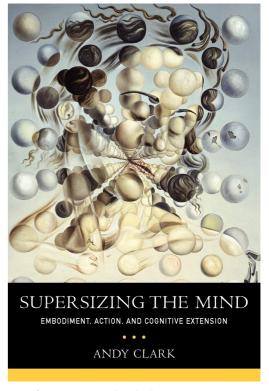
Unfortunately, there was little awareness of gender bias in 1960



wikipedia.org/wiki/J._C._R._Licklider

- This symbiotic partnership is being realized today through artificial intelligence (AI)
- Al both amplifies and extends human cognitive abilities

With AI, we do what we used to do, but more quickly, more efficiently, and more effectively With AI, we can also solve problems we weren't able to solve before



https://www.amazon.ca/Supersizing-Mind-Embodiment-Cognitive-Extension/dp/0199773688

Cognitive technology:

"next generation artificial intelligence"

MD Anderson Cancer Center launched a "moon shot" project in 2013

- Use Al to diagnose and recommend treatment plans for certain forms of cancer
- IBM's Watson cognitive system

Recall that we already met Watson in the first course AIML01, in Module 1, Lecture 3

Watson's avatar https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Watson (computer)

- The project was put on hold in 2017
 - Costs exceeded \$62 million
 - Before the system had even been used on patients.

MD Anderson Cancer Center

In the same period, also used cognitive technologies to do much less ambitious jobs

- Make hotel and restaurant recommendations for patients' families
- Determine which patients needed help paying bills
- Solving staff IT problems

More promising results

- Increased patient satisfaction
- Improved financial performance
- Decline in time spent on tedious data entry by the hospital's care managers

What's Special about the Deployment of AI in Africa

In a survey of 250 informed executives, 75% believe that AI will substantially **transform their companies within three years**



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yin and yang

What's Special about the Deployment of AI in Africa

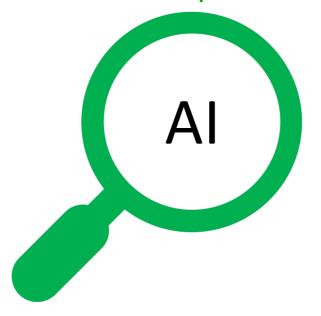
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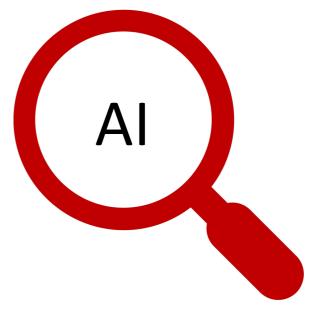
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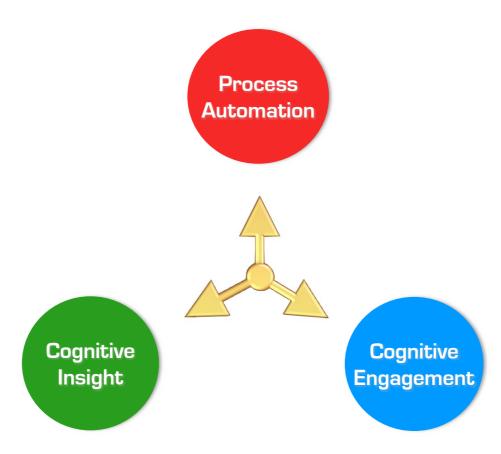
A study of 152 projects reveals that highly ambitious moon shots are less likely to be successful than "low-hanging fruit" projects that enhance business processes

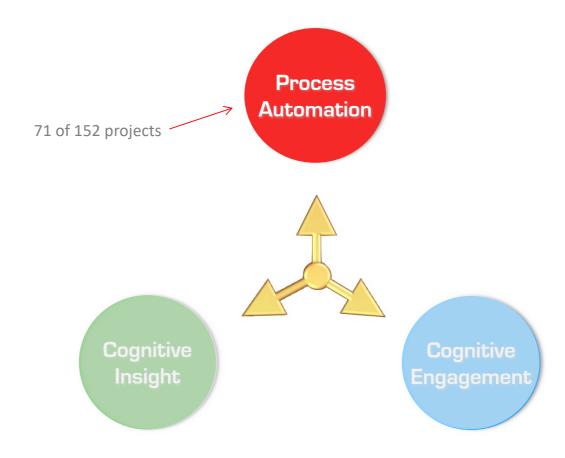
Business Capabilities

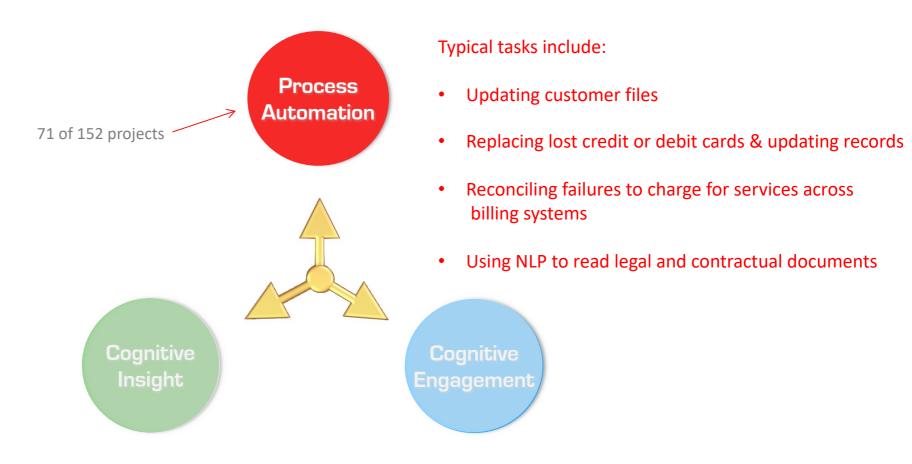


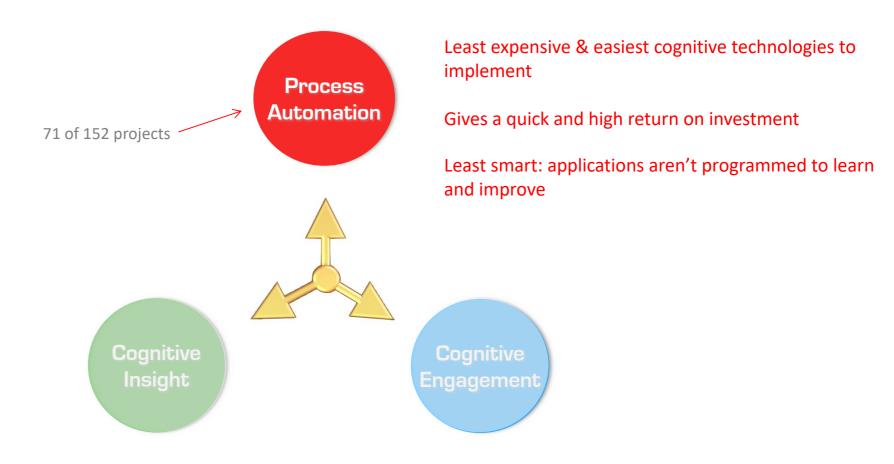
Technologies

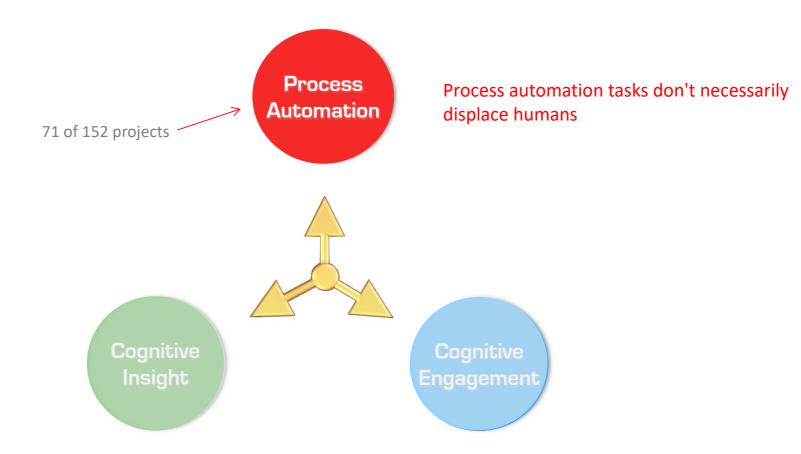


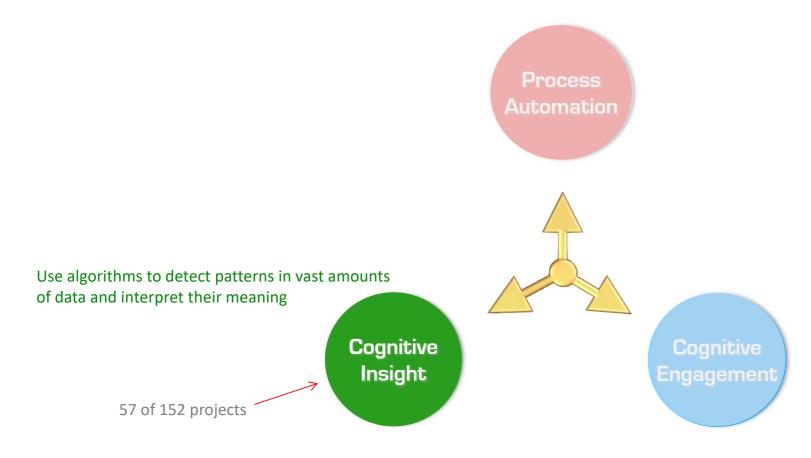










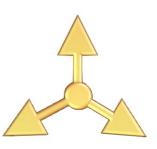


Typical task include:

- Predicting what a likely purchases
- Identifying credit fraud in real time and detecting insurance claims fraud
- Analyzing warranty data to identify safety or quality problems
- Automating personalized advertisements
- Providing insurers with more accurate and detailed actuarial modeling







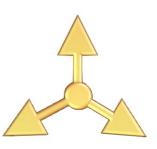


Cognitive insights provided by machine learning differ from those available from traditional analytics in three ways:

- 1. They are usually much more **data-intensive** and detailed
- 2. The models are trained on a part of the data set
- 3. The models' performance improves over time









Process

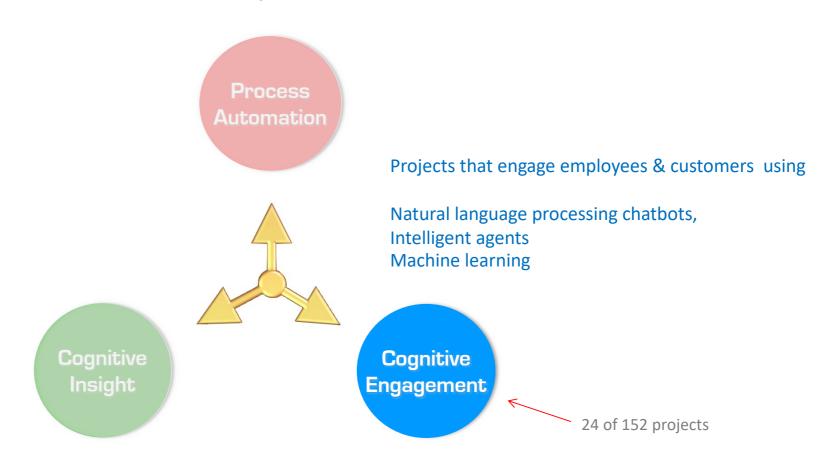
Typically used to improve performance on jobs only machines can do

Not generally a threat to human jobs.



Insight

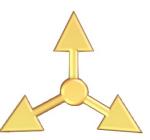






Typical functionality includes

- Intelligent agents that offer 24/7 customer service
- Intelligent agents that answer employee questions on topics including IT, employee benefits, and HR policy
- Personalized recommendation systems for retailers and health providers

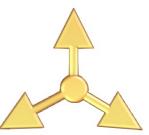


Cognitive

Cognitive Engagement



Cognitive engagement apps are not currently threatening customer service or sales rep jobs

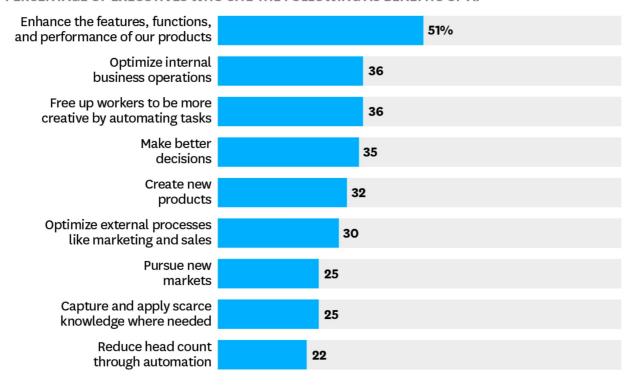


In most of the projects studied, the goal was to handle growing numbers of employee and customer interactions without adding staff



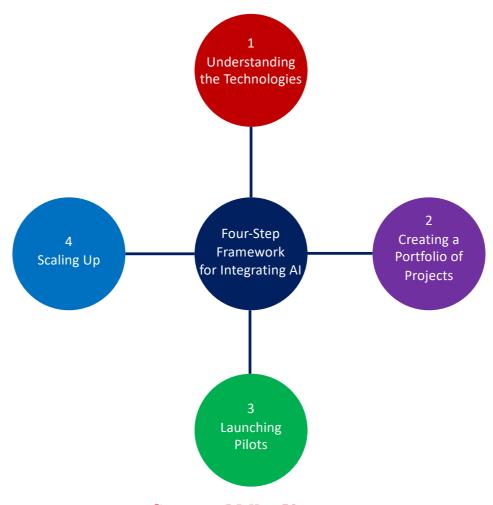
Cognitive Engagement

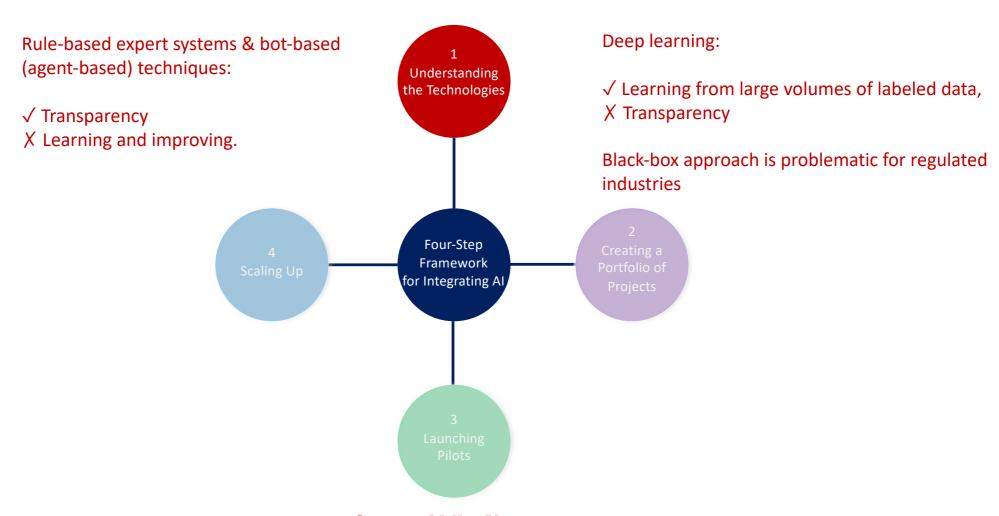
PERCENTAGE OF EXECUTIVES WHO CITE THE FOLLOWING AS BENEFITS OF AI

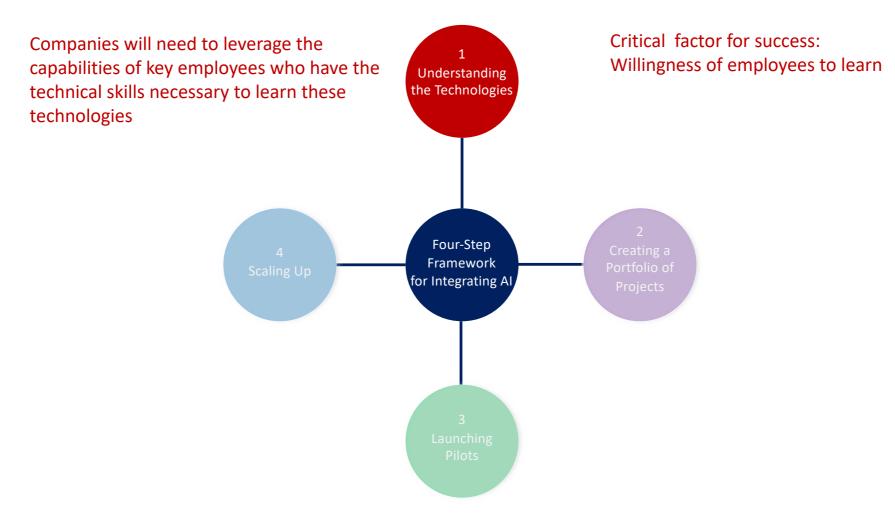


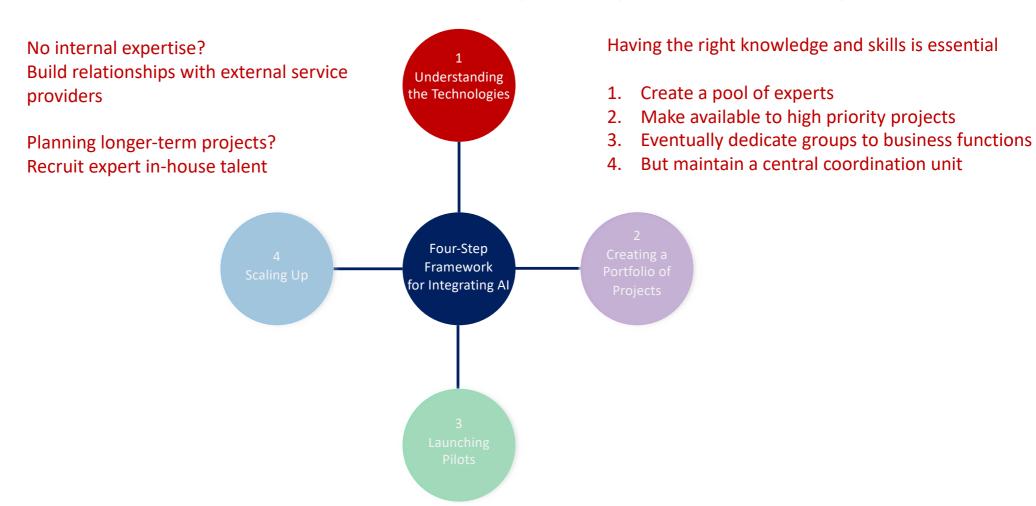
SOURCE DELOITTE 2017 FROM "ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR THE REAL WORLD," BY THOMAS H. DAVENPORT AND RAJEEV RONANKI, JANUARY-FEBRUARY 2018

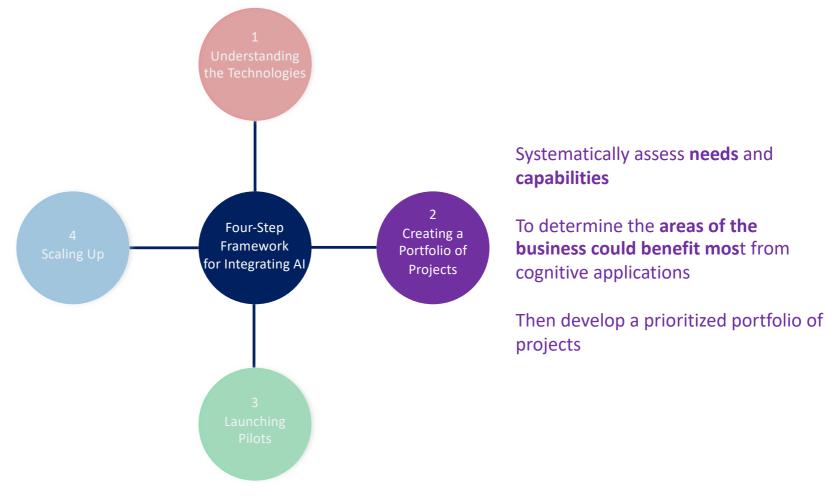
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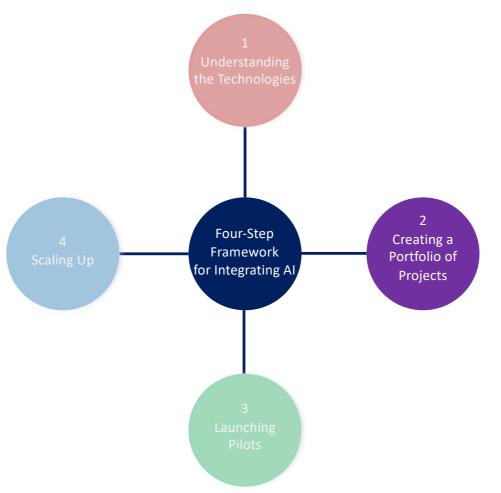






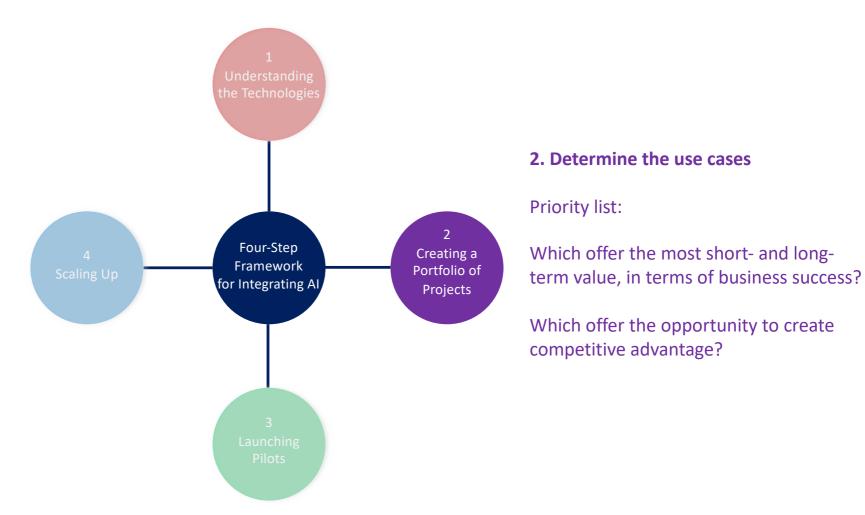


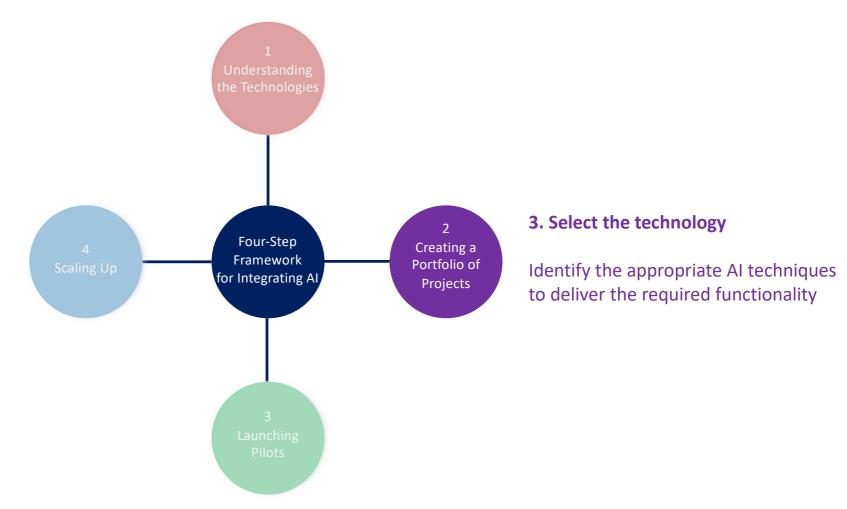


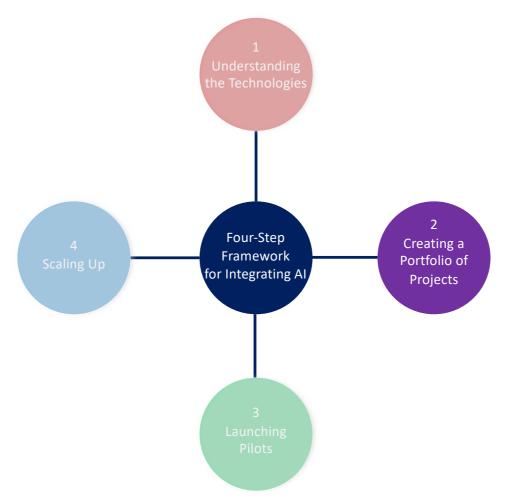


1. Identify the opportunities

- (a) Bottlenecks in the flow of information identify opportunities for implementing cognitive insights
- (b) Scaling up the use of existing knowledge
- (c) Inadequate resources to make strategic use of the data that the company collects

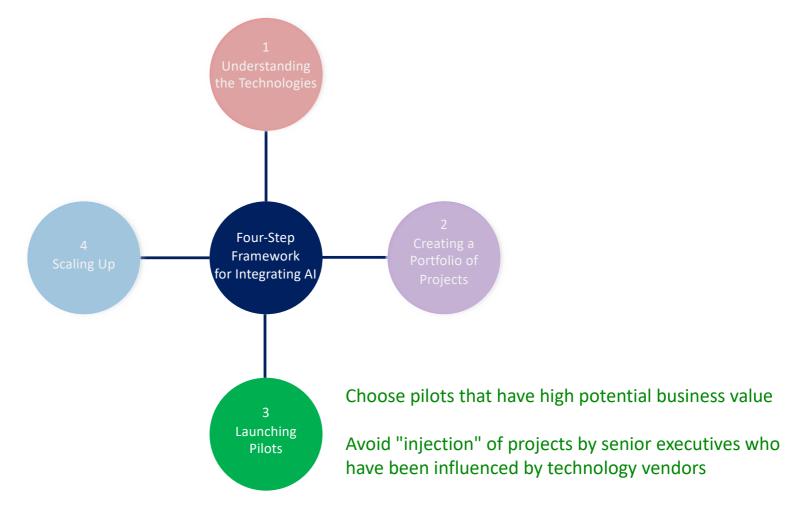


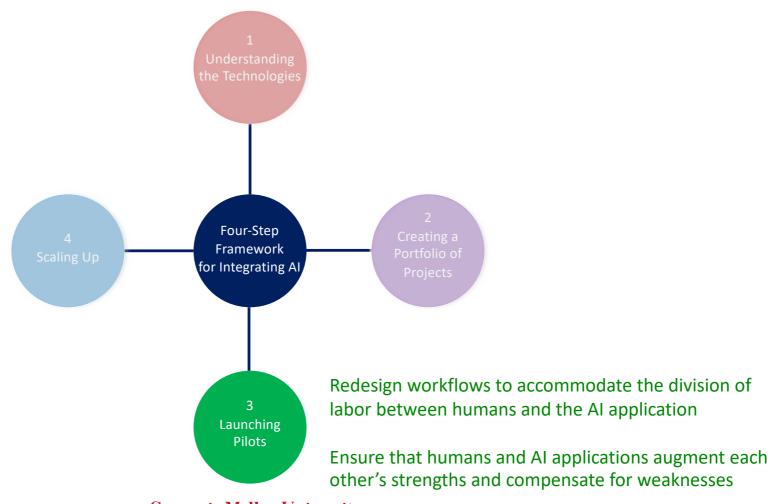


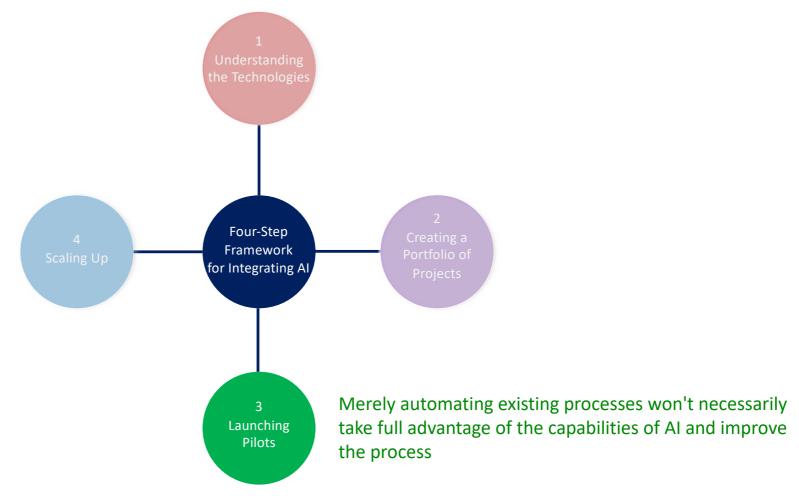


"It's wiser to take incremental steps with the currently available technology while planning for transformational change in the not-too-distant future."







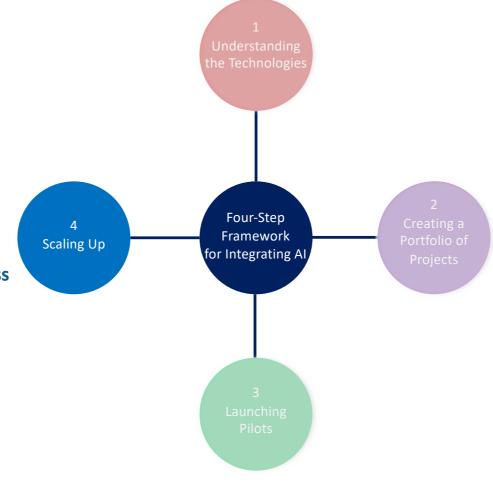


Rolling out a cognitive pilot organization-wide is challenging

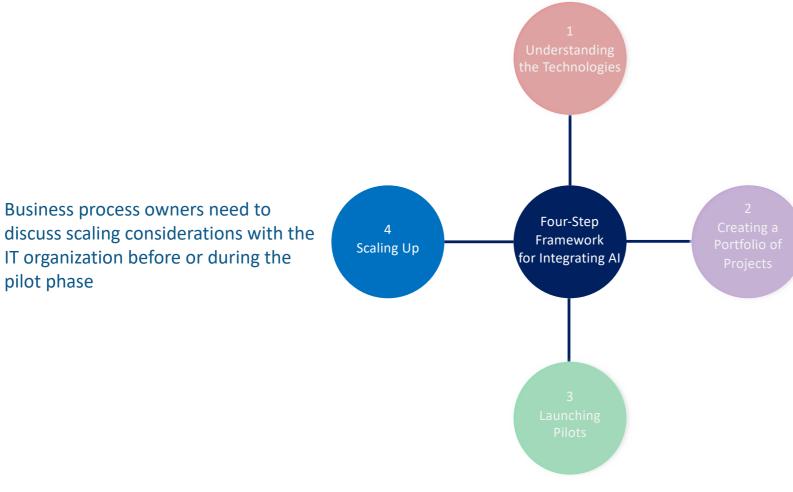
It requires

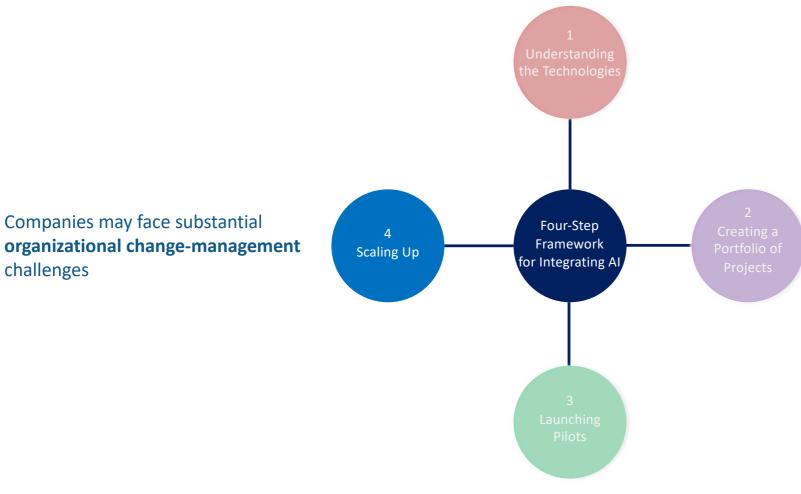
 Collaboration between technology experts and owners of the business process being automated

Integration with existing processes

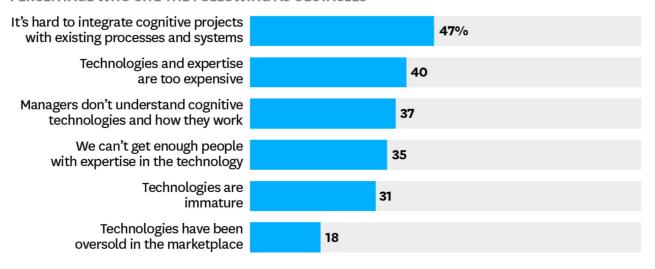


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PERCENTAGE WHO CITE THE FOLLOWING AS OBSTACLES



SOURCE DELOITTE 2017 FROM "ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR THE REAL WORLD," BY THOMAS H. DAVENPORT AND RAJEEV RONANKI, JANUARY-FEBRUARY 2018

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Conclusion

"Cognitive systems perform tasks, not entire jobs ...

Most cognitive tasks currently being performed augment human activity"

(Davinport and Ronanki, 2019)

Lecture Summary

- 1. Al supports three types of business application: process automation, cognitive insight, and cognitive engagement
- 2. The deployment of AI can be carried out in four steps: understanding the technologies, creating a portfolio of projects, launching pilot projects, and scaling up pilots to organization-wide applications
- Integration of the AI application into the current business processes is a major challenge
- 4. Successful business strategies recognize that most cognitive tasks currently augment rather than replace human activities

Recommended Reading

Davenport, T. H., and Ronanki, R. (2019). Artificial Intelligence for the Real World, Harvard Business Review, January – February, pp. 108 – 116.

https://hbr.org/2018/01/artificial-intelligence-for-the-real-world